

## [RAPID COMMUNICATION]

## Nucleotide Sequence of the Proton ATPase Beta-Subunit Homologue of the Sea Urchin *Hemicentrotus pulcherrimus*<sup>1</sup>

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**ABSTRACT**—A cDNA with 2.3 kb encoding F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase (proton ATPase) beta-subunit homologue was isolated from a testis cDNA library of the sea urchin, *Hemicentrotus pulcherrimus*. The deduced amino acid sequence consisted of 523 residues which contained a 19-residue amino-terminal signal peptide and a 8-residue glycine-rich consensus sequences. Analysis of poly(A)<sup>+</sup>RNA and/or total RNA from *H. pulcherrimus* testis, ovary, unfertilized eggs, and embryos by Northern blot revealed a 2.4 kb RNA.

### INTRODUCTION

A sperm-activating peptide (SAP-I: GLy-Phe-Asp-Leu-Asn-Gly-Gly-Gly-Val-Gly), isolated from the egg jelly of sea urchins, *Hemicentrotus pulcherrimus* [13] and *Strongylocentrotus purpuratus* [3], increases sea urchin sperm respiration rate and motility. It induces a Na<sup>+</sup>-dependent net proton efflux and raises the intracellular pH [10]. As the result SAP-I stimulates sperm energy metabolism which depends on the oxidation of endogenous phosphatidylcholine [8]. ATP synthesis by oxidative phosphorylation is a multi-step membrane-located process that occurs in the inner membranes of mitochondria. F<sub>0</sub>-F<sub>1</sub> ATP synthase (proton ATPase) in membranes of mitochondria synthesizes ATP coupled with an electrochemical gradient of protons generated by the electron transfer chain. The enzyme from many different sources have been studied extensively at the molecular biological level [2]. However, no molecular biological study has been made on the enzyme from spermatozoa of any kind of animals.

In this study, we screened a *H. pulcherrimus* testis cDNA library with oligonucleotide probes synthesized based on the amino acid sequence of peptide obtained from the protease V8 digest of wheat germ agglutinin (WGA)-binding protein of *H. pulcherrimus* spermatozoa and isolated a cDNA encoding the beta-subunit homologue of mitochondrial F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub>

ATP synthase. Here, we report that the cDNA is 2259 bp long and an open reading frame predicts a protein 523 amino acids.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

#### Cloning and sequencing of cDNA

A cDNA library ( $4.9 \times 10^5$  pfu) from poly(A)<sup>+</sup>RNA isolated from growing testes of the sea urchin *H. pulcherrimus* was constructed in  $\lambda$  gt10 using the cDNA Synthesis System and the cDNA Cloning System  $\lambda$  gt10 (Amersham International plc., Amersham, UK). A 220 kDa WGA-binding protein was purified from *H. pulcherrimus* spermatozoa by affinity chromatography on a WGA-Sepharose 4B column as described previously [12], and digested by protease V8. The partial amino acid sequence of a peptide purified from the digest by preparative SDS-gel electrophoresis was determined to be V-S-S-I-D-N-I-F-R-V. The sequence indicated by italics was the same as the conserved sequence found in F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase beta-subunit from various sources. Based on the sequence of the decapeptide, the mixed oligonucleotides (5'-GACACGGAAAGATGTTGTCGATGCTGCTGAC-3'/5'-GACACGGAAAGATGTTGTCGATAGAGGAGAC-3') were synthesized and used to screen. Forty-six positive hybridizing clones were isolated from approximately  $6 \times 10^4$  recombinants. Restriction endonuclease mapping of the inserts indicated that five different types of clones had been isolated. The insert of 2.3 kb from one member of the largest group in which fifteen clones belong was subcloned into the plasmid vector Bluescript II KS(+) (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA) for further analysis. Serial deletion mutants of subclones were made according to Yanisch-Perron *et al* [16]. Nucleotide sequences were determined by the dideoxy chain termination method [11] using the Sequenase Kit (United States Biochemical Co., Cleveland, OH, USA) and the 7-DEAZA Sequencing Kit (Takara Shuzo Co., Kyoto, Japan) analyzed on DANASIS software (Hitachi Software Engineering Co., Yokohama, Japan).

#### Northern blot analysis

Total RNA was prepared from testes, ovaries, unfertilized eggs, and embryos of *H. pulcherrimus* by the LiCl method of Cathala *et al* [1]. Poly(A)<sup>+</sup>RNA was prepared by two passage of the total RNA over a column of oligo(dT)-cellulose (Pharmacia LKB Biotechnology, Uppsala, Sweden). Northern blot analysis was carried out as follows: 2–5 µg of poly(A)<sup>+</sup>RNA or total RNA was denatured

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<sup>1</sup> The nucleotide sequence data reported in this paper will appear in the DDBJ, GenBank and EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Databases with the following accession number D17361.

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5' CGTGACCCCTGGAAGAATTACATGCCATGTTAGCAGGGTTGCAAAGACGAGTTTCGGCCGTAAAGGGCTGCAAAATCACATT 89  
 \* M F S R V A K T S F S A V R A A K S Q F 20  
 TCACACTCATTATCACAAACAGACGAGTAAAACATGGGTACCGAGCAGCAACTTGTAGCAAAGATCATATGCTGCTGAGGCAAGACGTCG 179  
 S H S L S Q Q T S K T W V P A A T C S K R S Y A A E A K T S 50  
 GCAGCCCCAGTTGGTCAGATCGTAGCTGCATTGGAGCTGTCGCGACGTCAGTTGAGGATGACCTCCCACCCATTCTCAATGCC 269  
 A A P V S G Q I V A V I G A V V D V Q F E D D L P P I L N A 80  
 TTGGAGGTTCAGGGAAGGACATCCAGGCTGGTGGAAAGTTGCACAGCATCTTGGTGAGAACACAGTCAGGACAATTGCCATGGACGGT 359  
 L E V Q G R T S R L V L E V A Q H L G E N T V R T I A M D G 110  
 ACAGAAGGTCTGATCCGAGGCCAGAAGTGCCTGACACTGGCTCCCCATCAGCATCCCGTCGGCCCGAGACGCTGGACGCATCATC 449  
 T E G L I R G Q K C V D T G S P I S I P V G P E T L G R I I 140  
 AATGTCTTGGTAACCCATTGACGAGAGAGGACCAATTGAAACAGACAGGAGATCAGCAATCCATGCCAGAGCTCCAGAGTTGAGAG 539  
 N V I G E P I D E R G P I G T D R R S A I H A E A P E F V E 170  
 ATGAGTGTAAACCAGGAAATCCTGTTACTGGAATCAAGGTTGAGATCTACTCGCCCCATGCCAAGGGAGGAAAGATTGGTCTGTT 629  
 M S V N Q E I L V T G I K V V D L L A P Y A K G G K I G L F 200  
 GGCGGTGCTGGTAGGAAAGACTGTACTCATGGAGCTGATTAACAACGTAGCCAAGGCCACGGAGGTTACTCTGTGTTGCCGGT 719  
[G G A G V G K T] V L I M E L I N N V A K A H G G Y S V F A G 230  
 GTAGGAGAGAGGACCGTGAGGTAAAGATCTTACCATGAGATGATTGAAGGAGGTGTCATCTCCCTCAAGGATGACACATCAAAGTA 809  
 V G E R T R E G N D L Y H E M I E G G V I S L K D D T S K V 260  
 GCGTTGGTGTACGGACAGATGAACGAGCCTCCCGCGCCGTGCCGTGTCGCCCTGACCGGACTGACCGTTGCCGAATACTTCCGTGAC 899  
 A L V Y G Q M N E P P G A R A R V A L T G L T V A E Y F R D 290  
 CAAGAGGGACAGGATGTGCTGCTTATTGACAACATCTCCGCTTCACACAGGCTGATCAGAGGTATCTGCTCTGCTGGGACGTATC 989  
 Q E G Q D V L L F I D N I F R F T Q A G S E V S A L L G R I 320  
 CCATCTGCCGTAGGATACCAGCAACCCCTGGCACTGACATGGGACTAJGCAGGAGCGTATTACCAACCAAGAAGGGATCCATCACT 1079  
 P S A V G Y Q P T L A T D M G T M Q E R I T T T K K G S I T 350  
 TCCGTACAGGCCATCTACGTGCCGTGACGATCTCACTGACCCCTGCCACCCCTGCCACCTTCGCCATTGGACGCCACCACTGTGCTG 1169  
 S V Q A I Y V P A D D L T D P A P A T T F A H L D A T T V L 380  
 TCCCGTGGTATCGCTGAGCTGGTATCTACCCCTGCTGGATCCTCTGGATTCTCCCTCCGTATCATGGACCCCAACGTCGTCGGAGAG 1259  
 S R G I A E L G I Y P A V D P L D S S S R I M D P N V V G E 410  
 CGTCACTACAGCATCGCTCGTGGAGTACAGAAAATCCTCAGGACAACAAGACCCCTGCAAGGACATCATGCCATCTGGGTATGGACGAG 1349  
 R H Y S I A R G V Q K I L Q D N K T L Q D I I A I L G M D E 440  
 TTGCTGAGGACGACAAACTGACCGTGTCCCGAGGCCAGGAAGATCCAGAGGTTCTGCTCCCAACCCCTCCAGGTTGCCAGGTCTCACC 1439  
 L S E D D K L T V S R A R K I Q R F L S Q P F Q V A E V F T 470  
 GGCGATCCAGGCAAGCTCGTCTCAATGGCGAGACCATCGATGGATTGAGTCATTATCAAGGGCGAGTGCAGGACATCTACAGAGATT 1529  
 G S P G K L V S M A E T I D G F E S I I K G E C D H L P E I 500  
 GCTTCTACATGGTAGGCAACATTCAAGATGTCAGGATAAGGCCACAGGCTCGCAGAGAACTATCATAAATTATCCCCCTCCCA 1619  
 A F Y M V G N I Q D V K D K A D R L A E E L S \* 523  
 AACAAATGAAGTTAGAGCTGGCATGGCTACGGGTAGAGACACCCCTTGTGTTATTGAGGCTAGTTGCTAACACTACCCGT 1709  
 GCCTGGCCCAAAGAATTATGTTAGCTGAGTTATAACTTATCAAGATTGTTCTAAATTGTAATTGAAAAATTGAGAGCAAGGGAA 1799  
 TTCAACCTAGCGTACTTGTATGATCTGCTTCTCTTTGCTGTTATCCACCATAGATTGAAATGCAACAAACA 1889  
 GCTTGGCAAAGTTGAAATTGATCATAACCAATTATCCAATTAAAGGCAAGTACCTTACGGTGTGTCACCGATGCCATT 1979  
 TCATGTTATTGCTGATCTGATCTACAAGAAATTGGCCGATGTCACCAACATTCAAGTGTAGATATAGACATATCTTCACTGATT 2069  
 TCTGTTAGAGCCGTTACGTATGACAGATGATTGGCATTATTGAATGGATGTTAGAGCTTACTGAACCCAGTTGCGATGTTGA 2159  
 TTTCTTGTGAACAGAACGAACTGGCCTGAAAAAGAAAAACAAGTGTATTAAAATTATGGAAAGGTTCAAGAACCAAAAAAA 2249  
 AAAAAAAAAA 3' 2259

FIG. 1. Nucleotide sequence and deduced amino acid sequence of the 2.3 kb insert. The shadowed box indicates predicted signal peptide sequence and the open box denotes glycine-rich consensus sequence. The amino acid sequence designated by an underline is the same as partial sequence of the decapeptide used for synthesis of oligonucleotide probes. \* denotes start or stop codon.

with 2.1 M formaldehyde, electrophoresed on a 1% agarose gel in the presence of 2.2 M formaldehyde, and transferred onto a Hybond-N membrane. The RNA on the membrane was hybridized to the random-primed ECL labelled (Amersham International plc., Amersham, UK) or random-primed [ $\alpha$ -<sup>32</sup>P]dCTP-labelled 2.3 kb cDNA insert at 65°C for 18 hr. The membrane was washed with 0.5×SSC and 0.1% SDS at 65°C for 30 min. The size of the RNA was estimated using a 0.24–9.5 kb RNA Ladder (GIBCO BRL, Gaithersburg, MD, USA) as a marker.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The 2.3 kb insert contained DNA sequences encoding an open reading frame of 523 amino acids including I-D-N-I-F-R

which is the same as the partial sequence of the peptide used for synthesis of oligonucleotide probes (Fig. 1). The deduced amino acid sequence suggests that the protein contains a 19-residue amino terminal signal peptide which has the potential to form amphipathic helix being characteristic of mitochondrial signal peptide sequence [5] and a 8-residue (residues 201–208) glycine-rich consensus sequence (G-X-X-X-X-G-K-T/S) found in the F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase beta-subunit, adenylate kinase, p21 ras protein, and other nucleotide-binding proteins [14]. The deduced amino acid sequence has 68% homology with those of chloroplast F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase beta-subunits and 85% with those of mitochondrial F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase beta-subunits from various

|                                                                                            | 10                                                   | 20                      | 30                                  | 40  | 50  | 60  |     |     |     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Spermatozoa (sea urchin)                                                                   | MFSRVAKTSFSAVRAAKSQSFSHLSQQSTS                       | KTWPATCSKRSYAAEAKTSA    | --APVSGQIVAVIGAVVDV                 |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Mitochondria (human)                                                                       | MLGFVG...AAPA.GALRRLTPSASLPPA.                       | LLLRAA.T.VHPV.D...QTSP. | PKAGAAT.R.....                      |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Mitochondria (rat)                                                                         | MLSLVG...SA.A.GALRLNPLAALPQAHLLRTA.                  | .GVHPA.D...QSSAAC       | KAGTAT.....                         |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Chloroplast (potato)                                                                       |                                                      |                         | MRINPTTSGS.VS.VE--KKNL.R..KI..P.L.. |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Chloroplast (spinach)                                                                      |                                                      |                         | MRINPTTSDPGVS.LE--KKNL.R.AQI..P.LN. |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|                                                                                            | 70                                                   | 80                      | 90                                  | 100 | 110 | 120 | 130 | 140 | 150 |
| QF-EDDLPPILNALEVQGR-----TS---RLVLEVAQHLGEN                                                 | T VRTIAMDGT                                          | EGLIRGQKCVDTGSPISIPVG   | PETLGRIINVIGEPIDER                  |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..-DEG.....-----ET-----.                                                                   | S.....                                               | V...VL.S.A.K.....       | M.....                              |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..-DEG.....-----E-----.                                                                    | S.....                                               | V...VL.S.A.K.....       | M.....                              |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| A.PPGKM.N.Y..V.....GNEQTNVTC.Q.L..N.R..AV..SD.D..M..MEVI..A..V..GS..F..L.Q.V.NL            |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| A.PPGKM.N.Y..I.K..DTAGQPM--NVTC.Q.L..N.R..AV..SA.D..T..MEVI..A.L.V..GP..F..L..V.NL         |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|                                                                                            | 160                                                  | 170                     | 180                                 | 190 | 200 | 210 | 220 | 230 | 240 |
| GPIGTDRRSAIHAEAPEFVEMSVNQEILVTGIKVVDLLAPYAKGGKIGLFGGAGVGKVTLIMELINNVAKAHGGYSVFAVG          | V GERTREGND                                          |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..K.KQFAP.....M..E.....                                                                    |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..K.KQFAP.....I..E.....                                                                    |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..VD.NTT.P..RS..A.IQLDTKLS.FE.....RR.....                                                  | I.....V..G.....                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| R.VD.RTT.P..RS..A.TQLDTKLS.FE.....N.....RR.....                                            | I.....V..G.....                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|                                                                                            | 250                                                  | 260                     | 270                                 | 280 | 290 | 300 | 310 | 320 | 330 |
| LYHEMIEGGVISLKD-DTSKVALVYQQMNEPPGARARVALTGLTVAEYFRDQEGQDVLLFIDNIFRFTQAGSEVSALLGRIPSAVGYQPT |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .....S...N...-A.....                                                                       |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .....S...N...-A.....                                                                       |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..L..K.S..NEENIPE.....M..G..A..M..VNE.....V.....M.....                                     |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| ..M..K.S..NEQNIAE.....M..G..A..M..VNE.....V.....M.....                                     |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|                                                                                            | 340                                                  | 350                     | 360                                 | 370 | 380 | 390 | 400 | 410 | 420 |
| LATDMGTMQERITTTKKGTSITSVQAIYVPADDLTDPA                                                     | PATTFAHLDATTVLSRGIAELGIYPAVDPLDSSSRIMDPNVVGERHYIARGV |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .....A.....T.....I..SE..DV....                                                             |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .....A.....T.....I..SE..DV....                                                             |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .S.E..YL....S..E....I..V.....L.AK.....T.TMLQ.RI..E..ET....                                 |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .S.E..SL....S..E....I..V.....L.AK.....T.TMLQ.RI..E..E..QR.                                 |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|                                                                                            | 430                                                  | 440                     | 450                                 | 460 | 470 | 480 | 490 | 500 | 510 |
| QKILQDNKTLQDIIAIGMDELSEDDKLTVSRARKIQRFLSQPFQVAEVFTGSPGKLVMSAETIDGFESIIKGEC                 | DHLPEIAFYMVGN                                        | IQ                      |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .....Y.S.....E.....                                                                        | HM....PLK...K..QQ.LA..Y.....Q.....P.E                |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| .....Y.S.....E.....                                                                        | HM....PLK...K..QQ.LA.DY.....Q.....P.E                |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| KQT..RY.E.....L..E.R..A..E.....F.....Y.GL....R..QL.LS..L.G..Q..L..D                        |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| KET..RY.E.....L..E.R..A..E.....F.....Y.GL....R..QL.LS..L.S..Q..L..D                        |                                                      |                         |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|                                                                                            | 520                                                  |                         | Homology                            |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| DVKDKADR                                                                                   | LAELS                                                | 100%                    |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| EAVA..K....H.S                                                                             |                                                      | 85%                     |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| EAVA..K...HGS                                                                              |                                                      | 85%                     |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| EATA..MN.KT                                                                                |                                                      | 68%                     |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| EATA..MN..EM.SK                                                                            | LKK                                                  | 68%                     |                                     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

FIG. 2. Comparison of deduced amino acid sequence of the sea urchin homologue and mitochondrial (human [9], rat [4]) and chloroplast (potato [7], spinach [17]) F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase beta-subunits. Dots indicate the same amino acid residues as sea urchin homologue and positions where gap have been introduced for maximum homology are indicated by a dash.

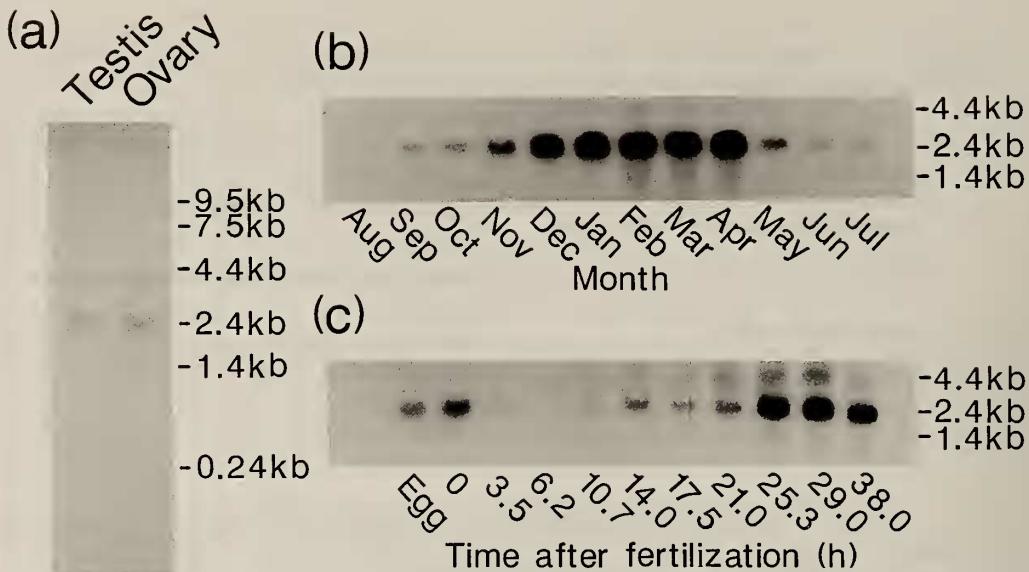


FIG. 3. Analysis of RNA prepared from *H. pulcherrimus* ovaries, testis, unfertilized eggs and embryos by Northern blot hybridization. (a): poly(A)<sup>+</sup>RNA (2 µg) prepared from ovaries and testis samples collected in March, detected by ECL; (b): total RNA (5 µg) from the testis samples collected throughout the year, detected by autoradiography; (c): total RNA (5 µg) from unfertilized eggs and embryos cultured at 20°C, detected by autoradiography.

sources (Fig. 2) [4, 7, 9, 17]. This suggests that the cDNA clone isolated from the *H. pulcherrimus* testis cDNA library codes for the beta-subunit of mitochondrial F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase and the primary structures of the beta-subunits are highly conserved in very different species.

Northern blot analysis using the 2.3 kb insert as a probe indicated that the mRNA of 2.4 kb presents both in the ovary and testis of the sea urchin (Fig. 3a). In previous study, we demonstrated that *H. pulcherrimus* spermatozoa contained a large amount of membrane-bound guanylate cyclase and creatine kinase and the activities of both enzymes increased during the testis development [6]. As shown in Figure 3b, the mRNA encoding F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase beta-subunit began to accumulate in the testis collected in November when spermatogenic cells appeared along the wall of testicular lobes, suggesting that F<sub>1</sub>-F<sub>0</sub> ATP synthase is also synthesized in the testis with formation of mature spermatozoa. The mRNA was also identified in unfertilized eggs and developing embryos, while the signal of hybridizing RNA from the unfertilized eggs was weaker than that from the developing embryos (Fig. 3c). This may be due to incomplete polyadenylation of the stored mRNA in unfertilized eggs [15]. Additional polyadenylation reaction appears to begin rapidly upon fertilization (Fig. 3c). The mRNA was not appreciably detected in the embryos during early cleavage stage and became detectable in the embryos of the gastrula stage (Fig. 3c).

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